

# Greencraft Builders 2009 TimberCreek Net Zero Energy House Prototype



## OVFRVIEW

BSC collaborated with Greencraft Builders in Lewisville, TX on a 2009 prototype house called the TimberCreek Net Zero Energy House. This house demonstrates the energy efficiency and durability upgrades that Greencraft has been promoting for years. The architect for the TimberCreek Net Zero Energy House was William Peck and Associates, out of Lewisville, TX. The TimberCreek Net Zero Energy House is located in Lewisville, TX.

This was Greencraft Builder's first attempt at a Zero Energy house. The strategy for achieving zero net energy was to lower building consumption through a high

efficiency enclosure and mechanical as much as possible and follow up with a photovoltaic installation to generate the remaining amount of energy needed to operate the building over the course of a year.



MIXED-HUMID



## PROJECT PROFILE

Project Team: Greencraft Builders, LLC, Building Science Corporation

Location: Lewisville, Texas

#### **Description:**

2,409 ft<sup>2</sup> one-story single family home

## **Completion Date:**

November, 2009

## **Estimated Annual Energy Savings:**

Average 53% projected source energy savings relative to the 2009 Building America Benchmark

## **Project Website:**

http://timbercreekzeroenergyhouse. com/index.html

BSC provided consulting services for Greencraft and recommended numerous efficiency and durability

improvements. Key upgrades include an unvented roof with low density spray foam insulation and supplemental dehumidification. Other upgrades that contributed to increased building efficiency and durability are LoE3 next generation spectrally selective glazing treatment and a high efficiency HVAC system.



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## Builder Profile



GreenCraft Builders L.L.C. is the culmination of more than 30 years of experience building and remodeling homes in the Dallas/Fort Worth metroplex. Since 2004, Chris Miles, principal of GreenCraft, has been recognized as a leader in the North Texas green building industry, first as a producer and project manager, and now as a builder with his company, GreenCraft Builders L.L.C.

## Participating Programs & **CERTIFICATIONS**



U.S. Department of Energy's Building America Program



U.S. Green Building Council LEED® for Homes



U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ENERGY STAR® Program

NAHB National Green Building Program™



MASCO Environments for Living®

ENVIRONMENTS FOR LIVING

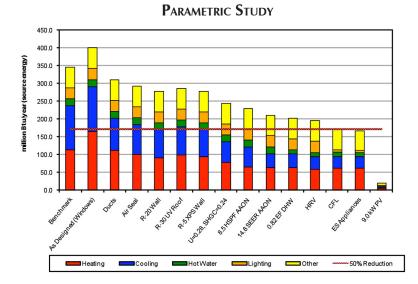
GreenBuilt™ North Texas



Show House at the Sunbelt **Builders Show** 



## DESIGN

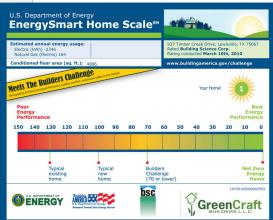


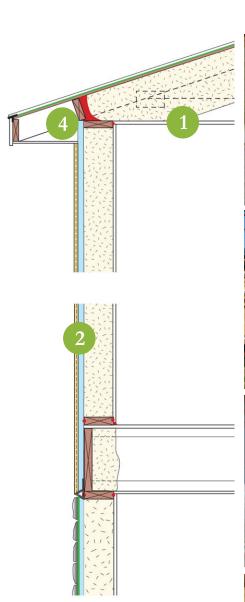
Greencraft employed full advanced The TimberCreek Net Zero Energy framing throughout the enclosure. This House was able to procure, with help includes 2x6 at 24" o.c. with stacked from BSC, vinyl framed windows with framing through the floor joists and roof state of the art LoE3 spectrally selecrafters. A single top plate and 2 stud en- tive glazing coating. This resulted in an ergy corners minimize thermal bridging NFRC SHGC rating of 0.28 as well as in the wall system. The wall and roof are a U-value of 0.22. This glazing coating, insulated with low density spray foam. coupled with extensive overhangs in the One-half inch OSB sheets are installed floor plan, results in a greatly reduced at the corners for structural integrity, cooling peak load and annual cooling One-inch foil-faced polyisocyanurate is energy use.

installed as insulating sheathing on the walls. Tyvek® ThermaWrap™ is installed over the insulating sheathing and serves. The enclosure does not contain any impermeable components and this allows accumulated moisture to dry out via vapor diffusion and prevent wetting and subsequent mold.



FLOOR PLAN















## **ENCLOSURE DESIGN**

•• Roof Insulation: Unvented roof with 8.5" R-30 open cell spray foam and fully adhered waterproofing membrane under a standing seam metal roof.

**Wall Insulation:** Fully advanced framed structure; R-25 wall with R-20 open cell spray foam and 2 1" foil faced polyisocyanurate sheathing.

## **3 Window Specifications:**

Fiberglass framed LoE<sup>3</sup> double glazed windows: U=0.28, SHGC=0.22.

- ♠ Air Sealing: The design infiltration rate is 2.5 in² leakage area 100 ft² of enclosure area. Low density open cell spray foam installed in wall and roof cavities. Low expanding open cell spray foam installed around windows and mechanical and electrical penetrations throughout the enclosure.
- on-grade foundation; uninsulated with Termimesh® termite mitigation system and sill gasket between framed wall and slab.

## MECHANICAL DESIGN

• Heating: 8.5 HSPF heat pump

Cooling: 14.8 SEER heat pump

Supplemental

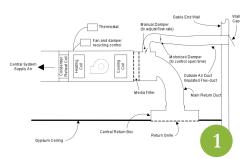
**Dehumidification:** Modulating hot gas reheat coil added to air handler to allow for dehumidification separate from cooling.

- Sventilation: Central Fan Integrated Supply Ventilation controlled by Aprilaire 8126 Ventilation Control System (VCS).
- **1 Return Pathways:** Jump ducts at bedrooms.
- **Ducts:** R-8 flex ducts in unvented conditioned attic; leak free to outside (5% or less)

**DHW:** Natural gas 0.82 instantaneous gas hot water heater

**Appliances:** ENERGY STAR<sup>®</sup> dishwasher, refrigerator and clothes washer

**6 Lighting:** 95% ENERGY STAR® CFLs; 5% LEDs













## MECHANICAL DESIGN

One of the major design upgrades for this house will be the installation of a heat pump with integrated supplemental dehumidification. AAON Inc. has designed a residential heat pump that integrates a modulating gas reheat coil to allow for dehumidification separate from cooling. This technology has been implemented successfully in commercial buildings for years and now will provide supplemental dehumidification in residential buildings.

The entire duct system is located in the unvented conditioned attic is sealed

extremely tight. Jump ducts provide passive returns from the bedrooms. High efficiency exhaust ducts are installed at all the bathrooms and at the kitchen hood.







## **VENTILATION**

Greencraft Builders, LLC utilizes Central Fan Integrated Supply ventilation that draws outside air via a 6" flex duct to the return plenum of the HVAC system. This allows for the introduction of outside air to the living space whenever space conditioning is already operating. An Aprilaire® Ventilation Control System 8126 communicates with the air handler to employ fan cycling. Fan cycling will turn on the fan at a 33% duty cycle (10 minutes on, 20 minutes off) in order to provide outside air during periods of no space conditioning. A 6" mechanical damper is installed on the 6" outside air duct. This is controlled by the fan cycler and will close off the outside air duct during periods of consistent space conditioning to prevent over ventilation of the living space.

Bathroom exhaust fans plus a kitchen hood are installed to provide spot ventilation when necessary. These are all routed to the outside and are not recirculating fans. One of the bathroom fans is rated to provide ASHRAE 62.2 ventilation so that the house can be operated at that rate if needed.

## **QUALITY CONTROL**

- Design follows BSC Building America criteria
- Manual J8 analysis ensures right sized mechanical systems and ductwork

#### **TESTING**

Testing and commissioning of the building enclosure and mechanical systems was performed to ensure the house will operate as designed. The following tests were performed:

- Air leakage
- Duct leakage
- Local air flows
- · System external static pressure
- Outside air duct air flow
- Proper configuration of fan cycling control



## **MONITORING**

BSC is actively monitoring the performance of the AAON HVAC air source heat pump with reheat supplemental dehumidification.

## **DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGE**

BSC and Greencraft attempted to integrate slab insulation at the Lewisville house. The typical design of exterior insulation with a covering at the slab edge was not allowed. Local code forbids the covering of the exterior slab edge such that termite activity can be observed easily. An attempt was made to integrate 2" of vertical XPS embedded in a monolithic slab design, but there is a need for extensive reinforcement through the XPS due to expansive soils. BSC recommended replacing typical reinforcing bars with fiberglass ties in order to reduce thermal bridging losses through the vertical XPS. Another problem is that the structural design did not allow for the XPS to extend from the top of the slab down to the bottom of the grade beam. Time and budget constraints prevented resolution of this technology barrier but BSC and Greencraft will be implementing slab insulation on the next project.

## LESSONS LEARNED

- Better controls and controls on heat pumps: The heat pump malfunctioned a number of times during the commissioning
  of the house. Various problems such as compressor relay failure and refrigerant leak delayed progress of the house
  greatly. Failure Detection and Diagnostic (FDD) mandates are greatly needed on heat pumps as their controls are
  becoming increasingly more complicated. Properly designed FDD sensors will greatly improve efficiency over time at
  a small net cost per unit. BSC has been communicating this request directly to the industry.
- High energy use during space conditioning: There was also a design fault on the heat pump that was resulting in around 300W more fan energy use during operation. This was due to the presence of a circuit mounting bracket in the air handler that is blocking flow. The bracket was from another design and was not removed during the design of the air handler. AAON was able to remove the bracket and will ensure that future units will be designed properly.

This case study has been prepared by Building Science Corporation for the Department of Energy's Building America Program, a private/public partnership that develops energy solutions for new and existing homes. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States government or any agency thereof.



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