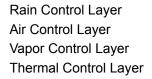
– Rain Control 2





#### Rain

Building Science

- Rain is the largest source of moisture
- We need better control for better insulation and airtightness
- Rain penetration control

Cladding Control layers Structure

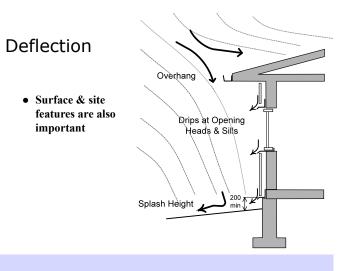
- Site and massing
- Surface features
- Enclosure wall strategy

Building Science

- Rain Control 3

# Controlling Rain Penetration

- Deflection
  - reduce water on building
  - redirect water away
  - slope surfaces, use flashing
- Drainage / Exclusion / Storage
  - enclosure design
  - provide drainage, or storage or barrier
- Drying
  - allow any remaining water to dry



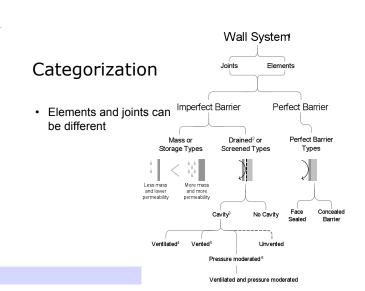








Don't concentrate







#### Claddings that leak

- Brick
- Stucco
- Wood, vinyl, fiber cement
- Adhered veneer
- EIFS

Building Science

- · Metal panels, metal roofs
- Shakes, shingles

Drainage Roof sloped to drains 🖌 Must have continuous drainage ٠ plane Head flashing 🖊 • Drainage plane must be: 1. Water tolerant 2. Capillary inactive (water Sub-sill flashing 🍃 repellent / Drainage space non-wicking) over drainage • Small gap required plane · As small as 1 mm Sloped Grade 200 🔻 Flashing is very important • (5%) • Weep holes Terms: sheathing membrane, building paper, housewrap, Stupid terms: weather resistant barrier (WRB)

### **Requirements Drained Walls**

- Drainage plane
  - Water repellent, continuous
- Drainage gap
  - 1/16" is enough!
- Flashing
  - Waterproof to direct water outward
- Weep holes
  - Above grade

#### Building Science

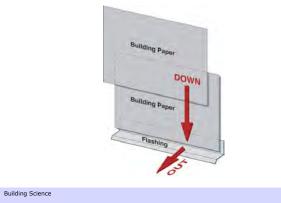
Rain Control 16

Rain Control 14

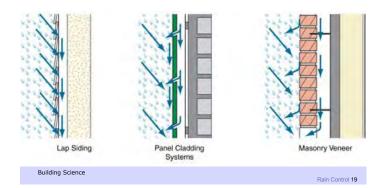
Rain Control 18



# Lapped Housewrap, paper



# **Drained Walls**









Laps are the most reliable







Building Science







- Rain Control 27







### Drainage Gaps

- Gap avoids hydrostatic pressure
  - drains away water
  - Requires only small gap, e.g. 1/16"
- Reduces time of wetness on housewrap sheathing membrane
- May allow ventilation drying if >1/8"-1/2"

Drained gap behind brick



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sheets of building paper

Stucco sticks to paper/ housewraps



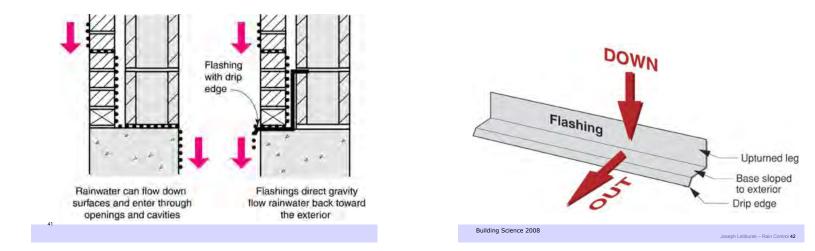














Rain Control 43



Water can build up here -we need a waterproof barrier

Note standing water

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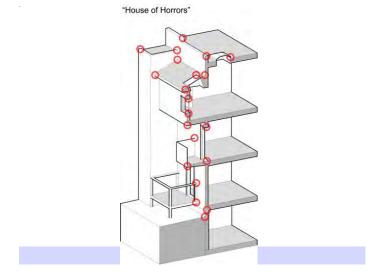




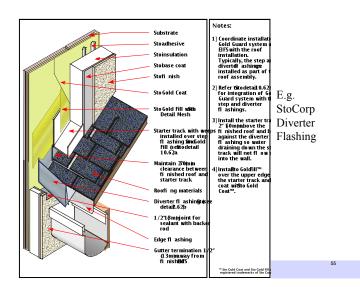


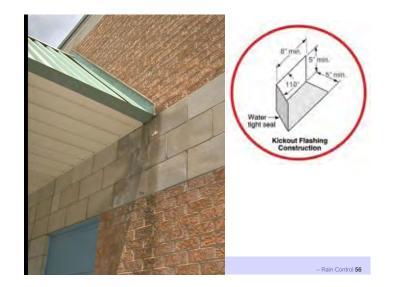
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Rain Control 52





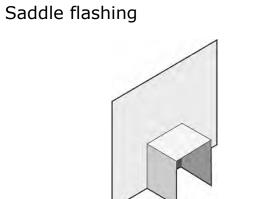








Joseph Lstiburek – Rain Control 58



Building Science 2008

Joseph Lstiburek – Rain Control **59** 







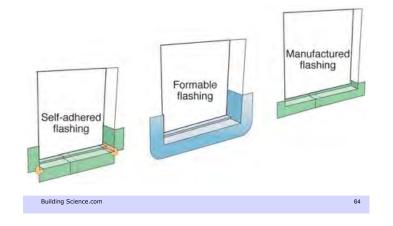
Rain

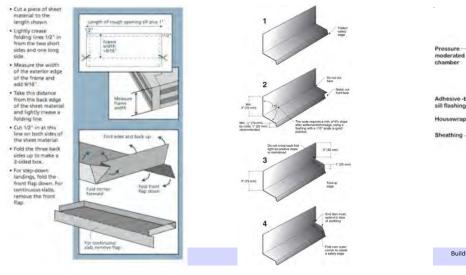


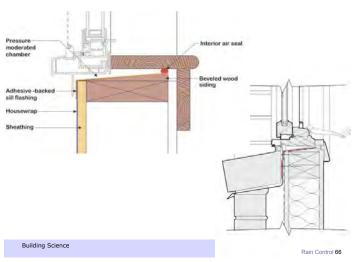
# Leaky windows

• Moisture sensitive substrates are a problem

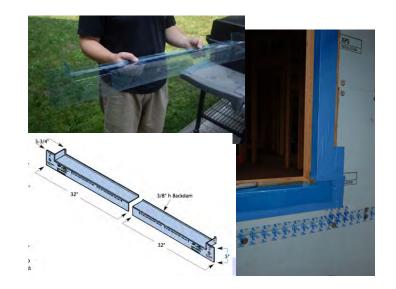


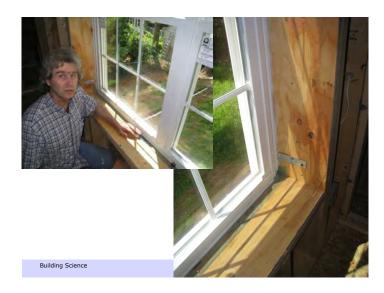






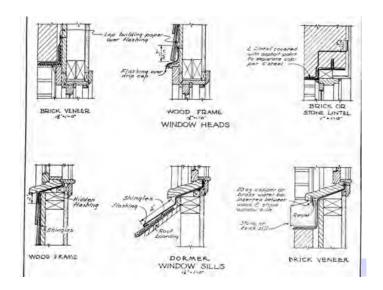




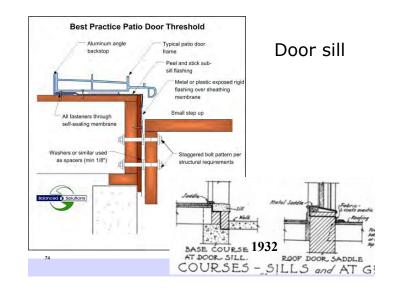


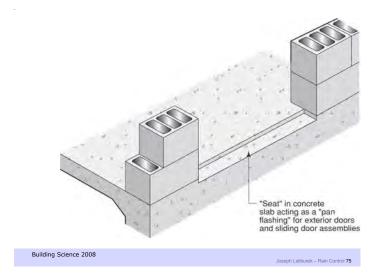










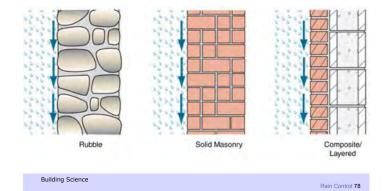




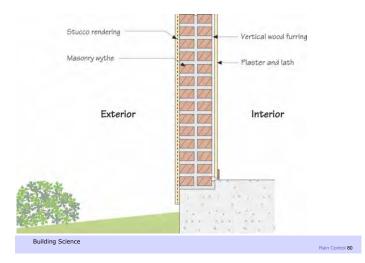
Joseph Lstiburek – Rain Control 76



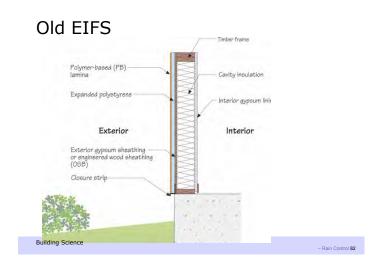
# Storage/Mass Walls











Substrate + moisture = problem

Moisture sensitive substrates are a problem

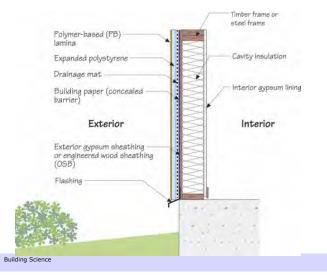




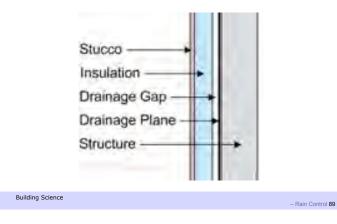








### Perfect EIFS / Stucco wall







## Conclusions

- Drainage is the key, cladding leaks
- All penetrations need to be drained!
- Beware flashing, it needs to waterproof
- Understand older systems are different

#### Building Science

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