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Building Science

Adventures In Building Science

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Build Tight - Ventilate Right

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Build Tight - Ventilate Right How Tight? What's Right?

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Air Barrier Metrics

Material 0.02 l/(s-m2) @ 75 Pa

Assembly 0.20 l/(s-m2) @ 75 Pa

Enclosure 2.00 l/(s-m2) @ 75 Pa

0.35 cfm/ft2 @ 50 Pa

0.25 cfm/ft2 @ 50 Pa

0.15 cfm/ft2 @ 50 Pa

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Getting rid of big holes 3 ach@50
Getting rid of smaller holes 1.5 ach@50
Getting German 0.6 ach@50

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Best

As Tight as Possible - with Balanced Ventilation
Energy Recovery
Distribution and Mixing
Source Control - Spot exhaust ventilation
Filtration
Material selection

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Worst

Leaky - with - Nothing

Spot Ventilation in Bathroom/Kitchen

Exhaust Ventilation - with - No Distribution and No Mixing

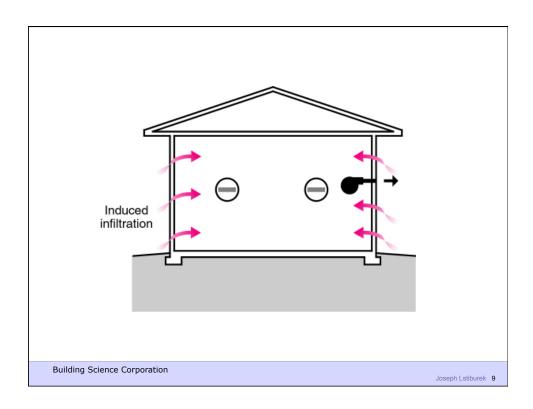
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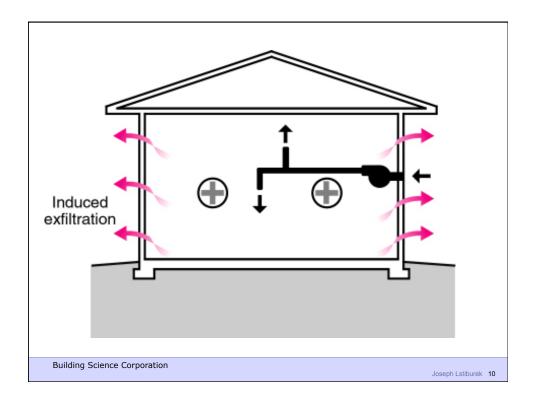
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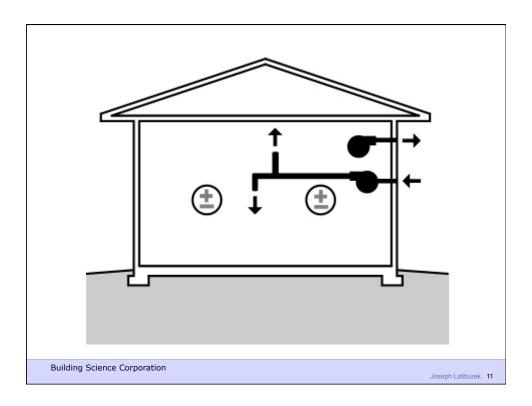
Three Types of Controlled Ventilation Systems

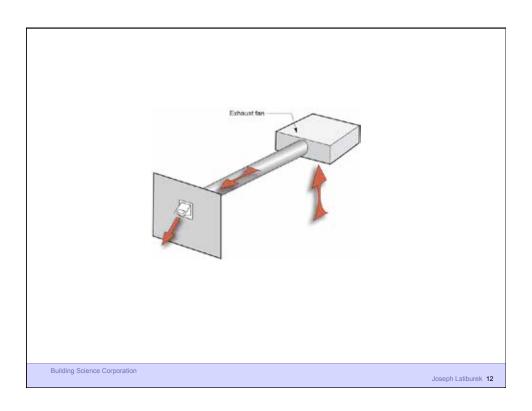
Exhaust Ventilation
Supply Ventilation
Balanced Ventilation

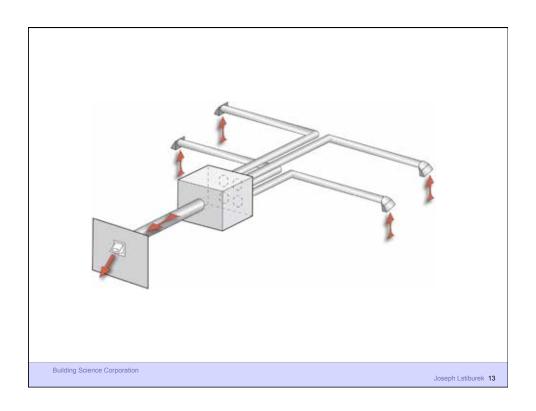
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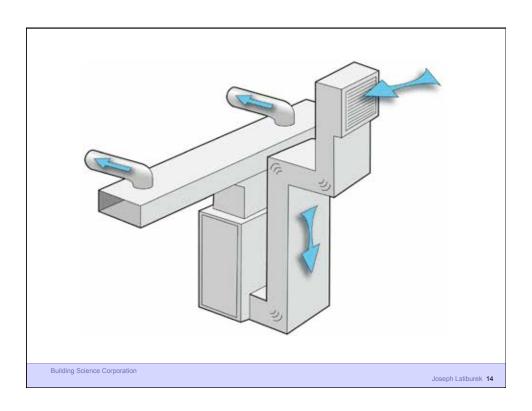


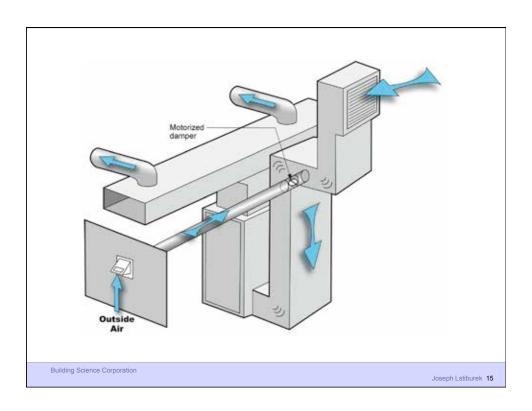


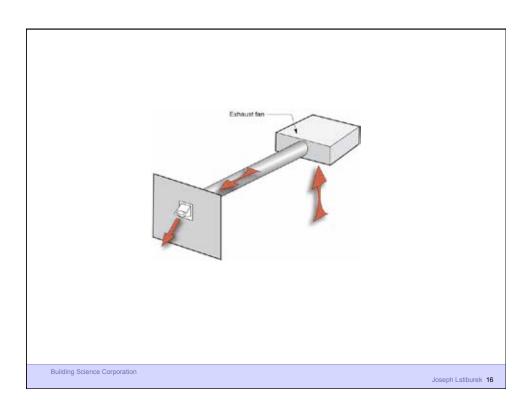


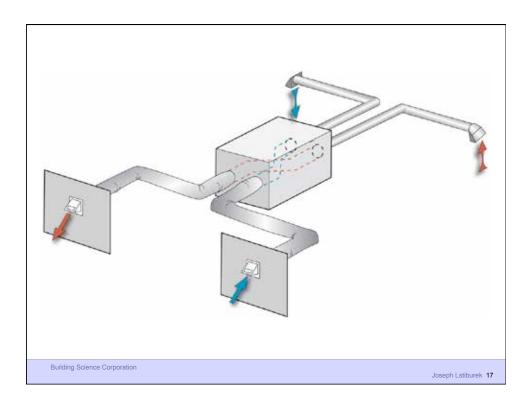












Ventilation Rates Are Based on Odor Control

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Ventilation Rates Are Based on Odor Control Health Science Basis for Ventilation Rates is Extremely Limited

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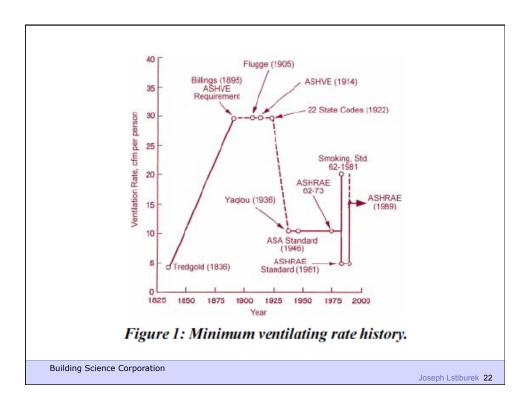
Ventilation Rates Are Based on Odor Control Health Science Basis for Ventilation Rates is Extremely Limited Almost Nothing Cited Applies to Housing

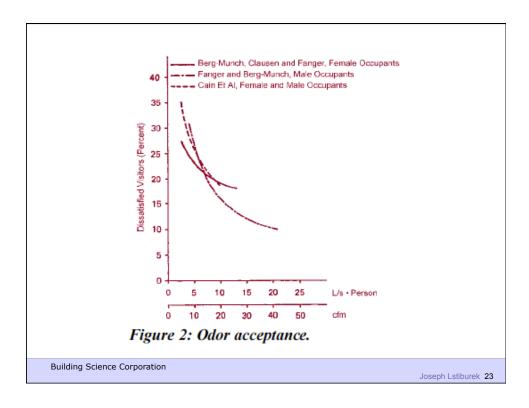
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Ventilation Rates Are Based on Odor Control Health Science Basis for Ventilation Rates is Extremely Limited

Almost Nothing Cited Applies to Housing The Applicable Studies Focus on Dampness

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House
          2,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
          3 bedrooms
          8 ft. ceiling
          Volume: 16,000 ft<sup>3</sup>
 .35 ach
             93 cfm
             80 cfm
 .30 ach
 .25 ach
             67 cfm
 .20 ach
             53 cfm
 .15 ach
             40 cfm
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                                                                       Joseph Lstiburek 24
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House

2,000 ft² 3 bedrooms 8 ft. ceiling

Volume: 16,000 ft³

Ventilation	Rates
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.35 ach	93 cfm	62 - 73	62 - 73 5 cfm/person		20 cfm
.30 ach	80 cfm		10 cfm/person		40 cfm
.25 ach	67 cfm	62 - 89	62 - 89 15 cfm/person		60 cfm
.20 ach	53 cfm	.3	5 ach	90 cfm	
.15 ach	40 cfm	62.2 - 201	62.2 - 2010 7.5 cfm/person		50 cfm
	+ 0.01				
		62.2 - 201	62.2 - 2013 7.5 cfm/person		90 cfm
		+	+ 0.03		

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Office

Occupant Density

15/1000 ft² (67 ft²/person) 62 - 89

15 cfm/person

5/1000 ft² (200 ft²/person) 62.1 - 2007

17 cfm/person

Correctional Facility Cell

Occupant Density

20/1000 ft² (48 ft²/person) 62.1 – 2007

10 cfm/person

C.P. Yaglou

Harvard School of Public Health 1936 1955

150 ft³ → 20 cfm/person

300 ft³ \longrightarrow 12 cfm/person

C.P. Yaglou

Harvard School of Public Health

1936 1955

150 ft³ \longrightarrow 20 cfm/person 18.75 ft² 106 occupants

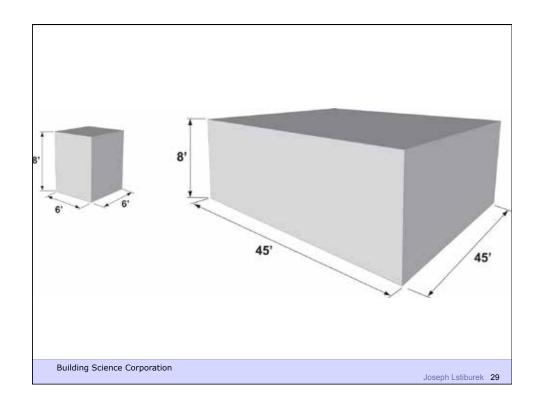
300 ft³ \longrightarrow 12 cfm/person 37.5 ft² 53 occupants

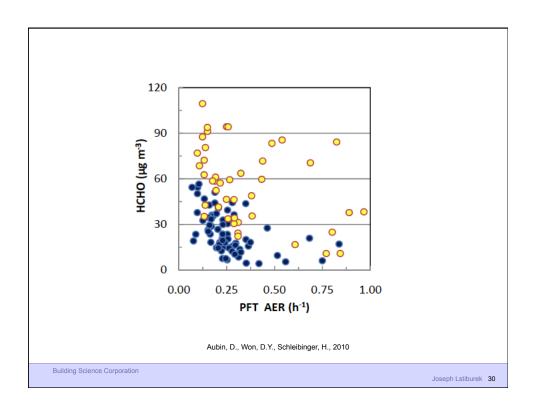
Experiment

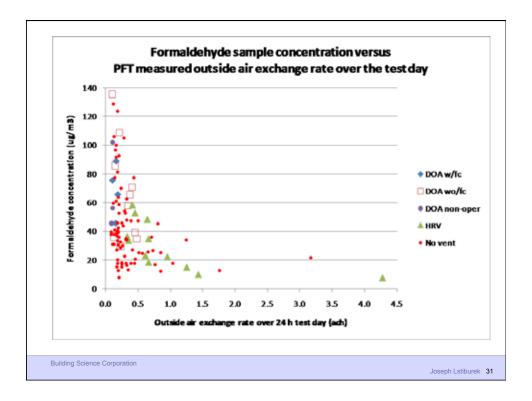
 $470 \text{ ft}^3 \longrightarrow 59 \text{ ft}^2$

 $200 \text{ ft}^3 \longrightarrow 25 \text{ ft}^2$

100 ft³ \longrightarrow 12 ft²







ASHRAE Standard 62.2 calls for 7.5 cfm per person plus 0.03 cfm per square foot of conditioned area

Occupancy is deemed to be the number of bedrooms plus one

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ASHRAE Standard 62.2 calls for 7.5 cfm per person plus 0.03 cfm per square foot of conditioned area

Occupancy is deemed to be the number of bedrooms plus one

Outcome is often bad – part load humidity problems, dryness problems, energy problems

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IRC 2015 and 2018 calls for 7.5 cfm per person plus 0.01 cfm per square foot of conditioned area

Occupancy is deemed to be the number of bedrooms plus one

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3 Bedroom House – 2,500 ft2 30 cfm plus 75 cfm 105 cfm

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3 Bedroom House – 2,500 ft2 30 cfm plus 25 cfm 55 cfm

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The Cult of The Blower Door

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Blower Door Can't Get You The True ACH On A Short Term Basis – Hour, Day, Week

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Don't Know Where The Holes Are
Don't Know The Type of Holes
Don't Know The Pressure Across The Holes

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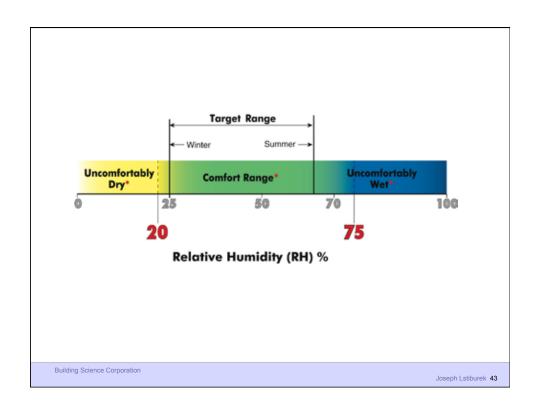
Dilution Is Not The Solution To Indoor Pollution
Source Control

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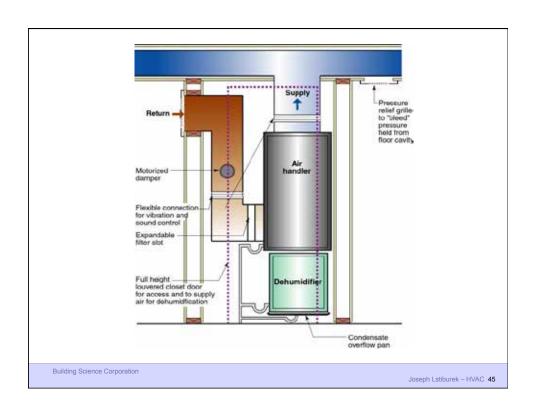
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Dilution For People Source Control For The Building

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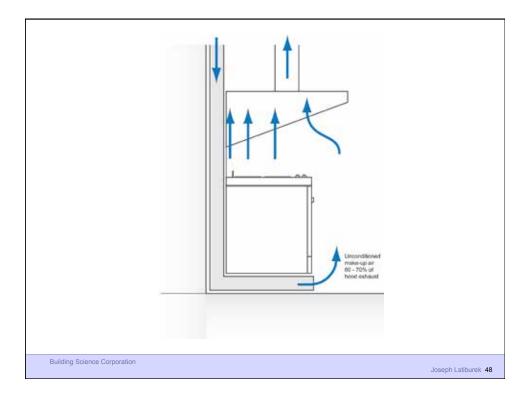
Recommended Range of Relative Humidity
Above 25 percent during winter
Below 70 percent during summer



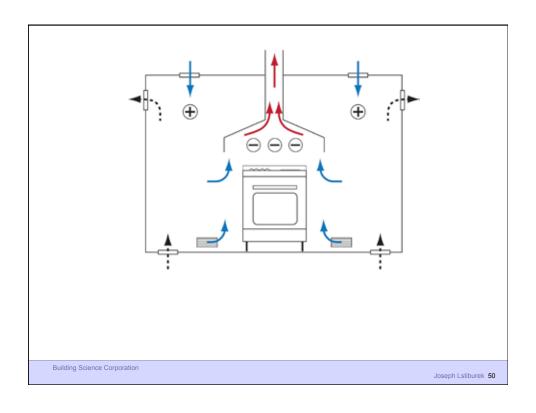


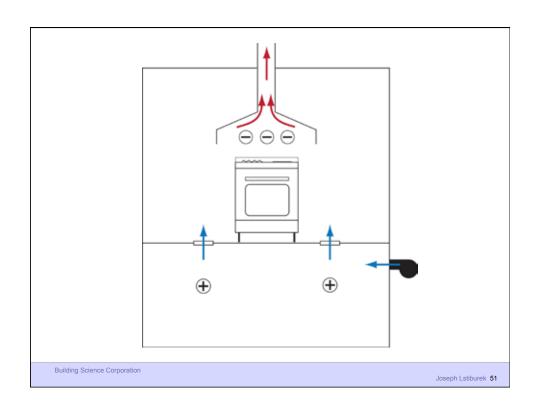
Kitchen Exhaust Hoods

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Clothes Dryers

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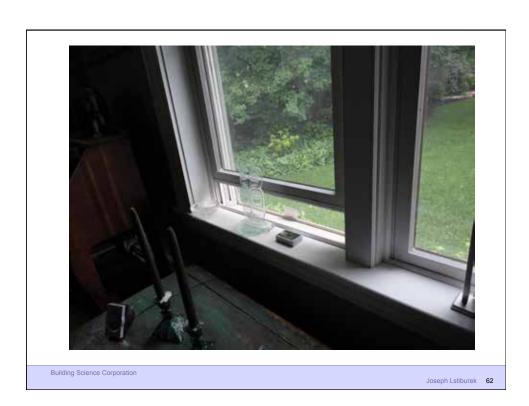
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Fireplaces

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Approaches

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