

Joseph Lstiburek, Ph.D., P.Eng, ASHRAE Fellow

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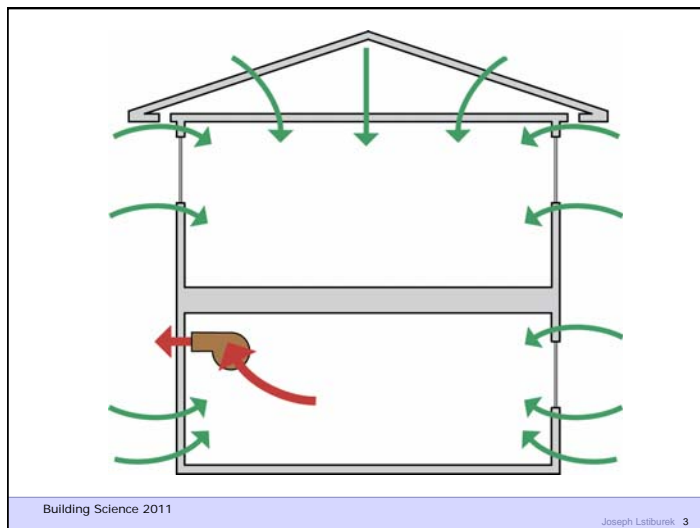
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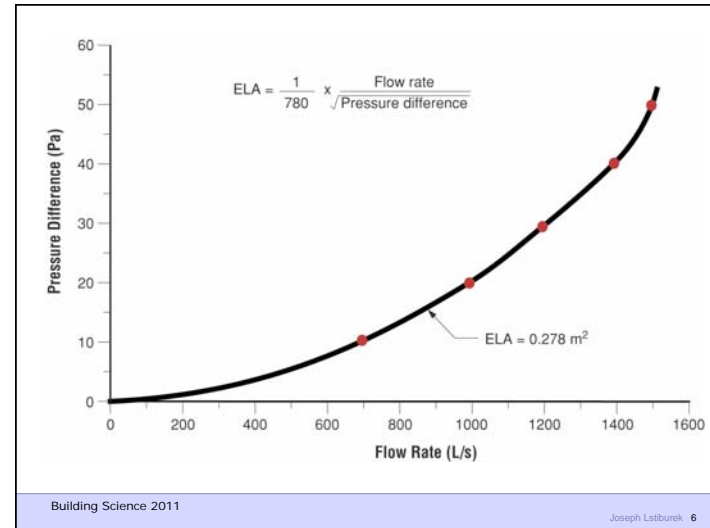
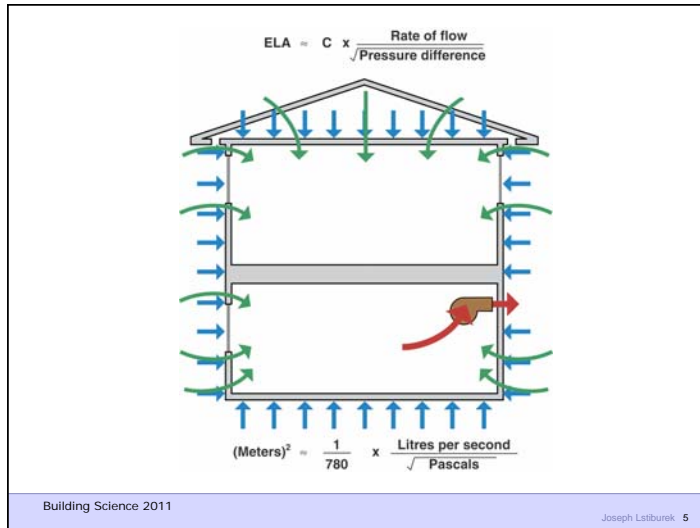
presented by www.buildingscience.com

Air Barrier Metrics

Material	0.02 l/(s-m ²)@75 Pa
Assembly	0.20 l/(s-m ²)@75 Pa
Enclosure	2.00 l/(s-m ²)@75 Pa

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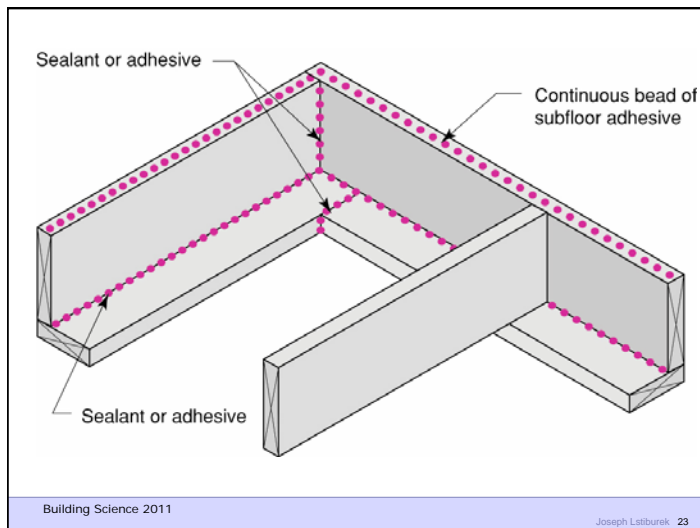
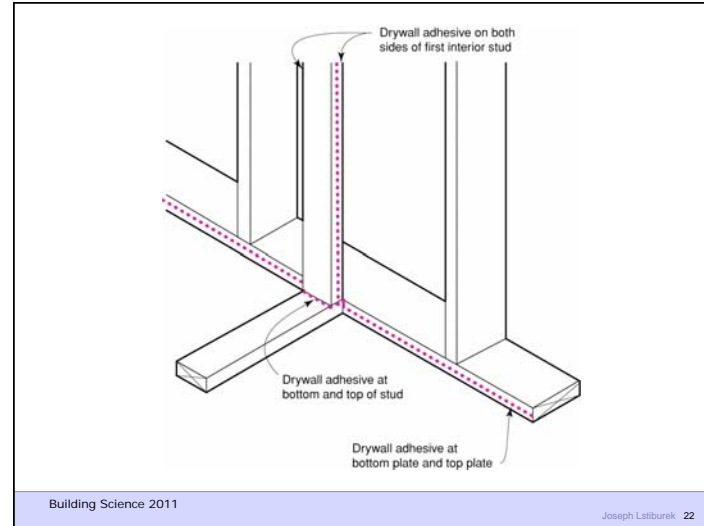
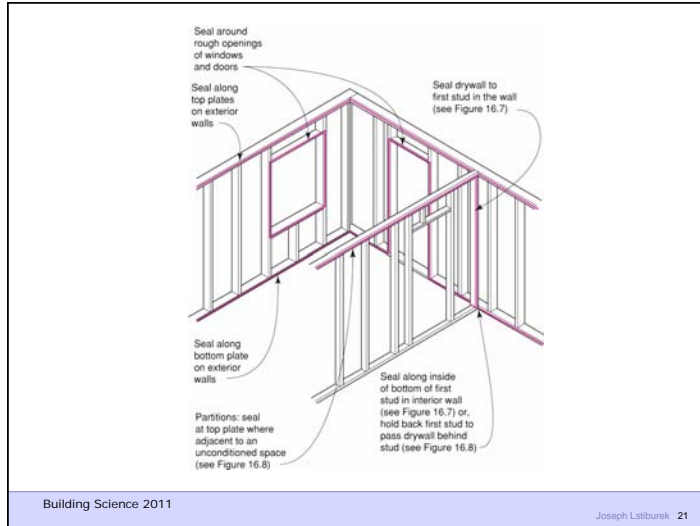
Duct Leakage Should Be Less Than 5% of Rated Flow As Tested by Pressurization To 25 Pascals

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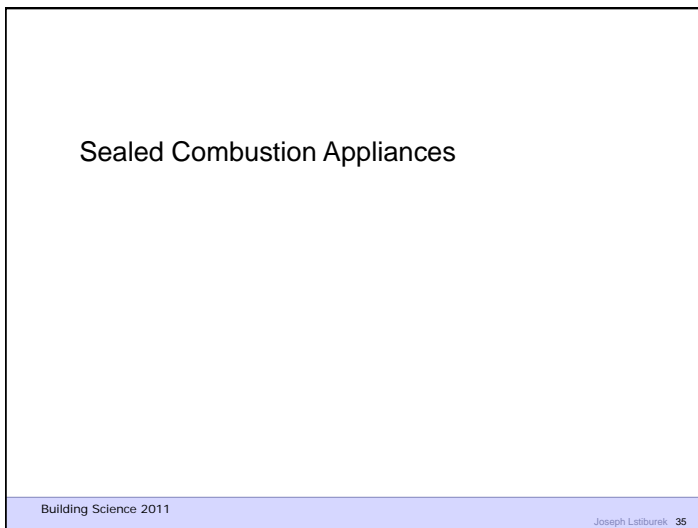
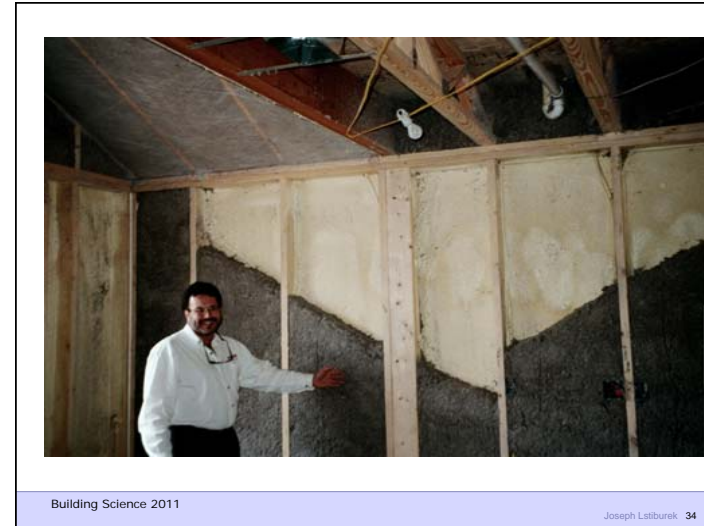


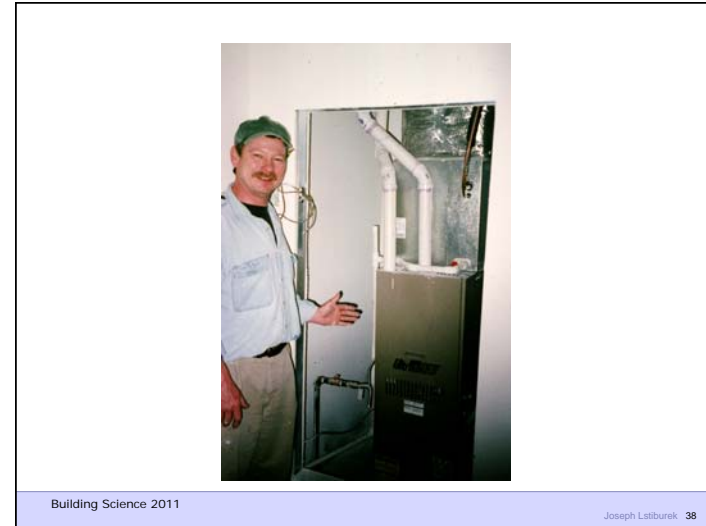








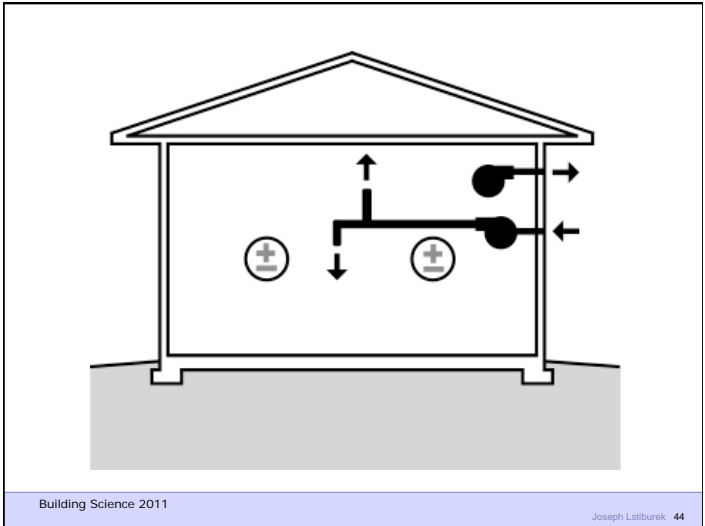
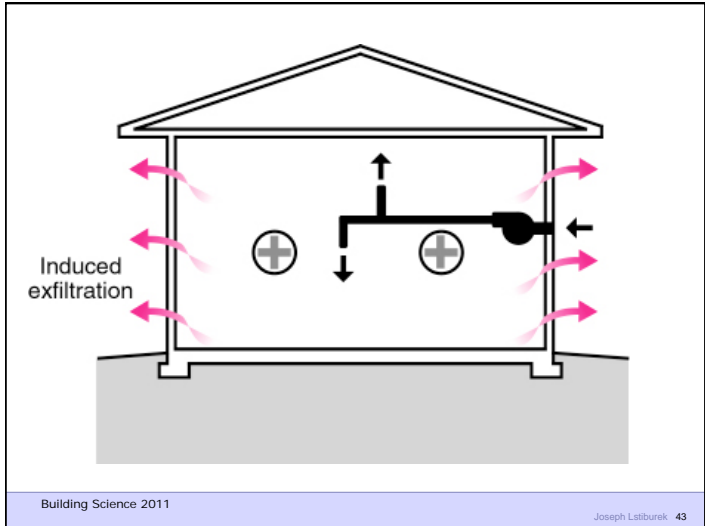
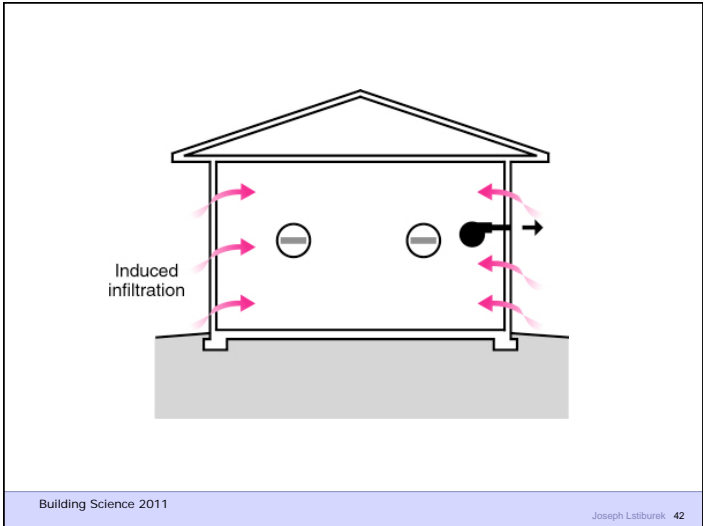


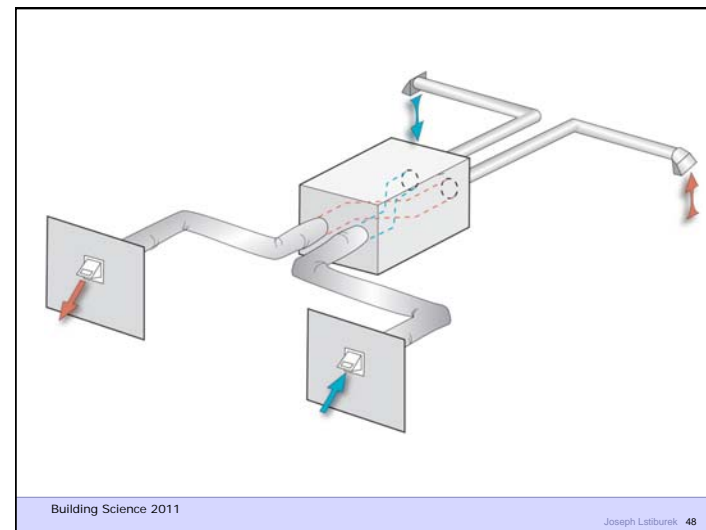
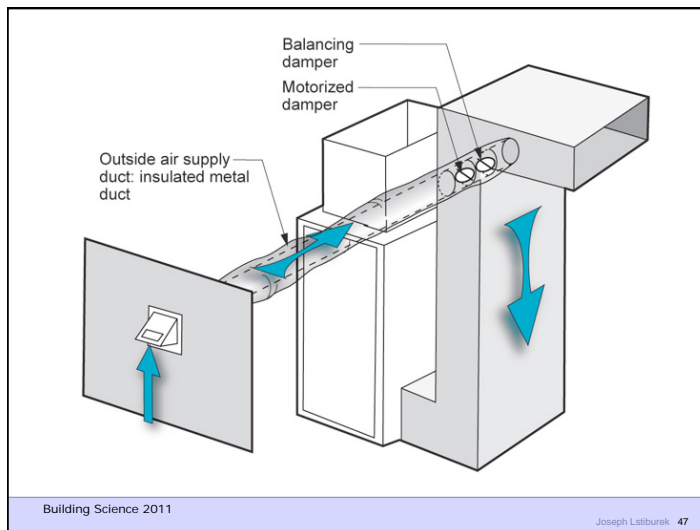
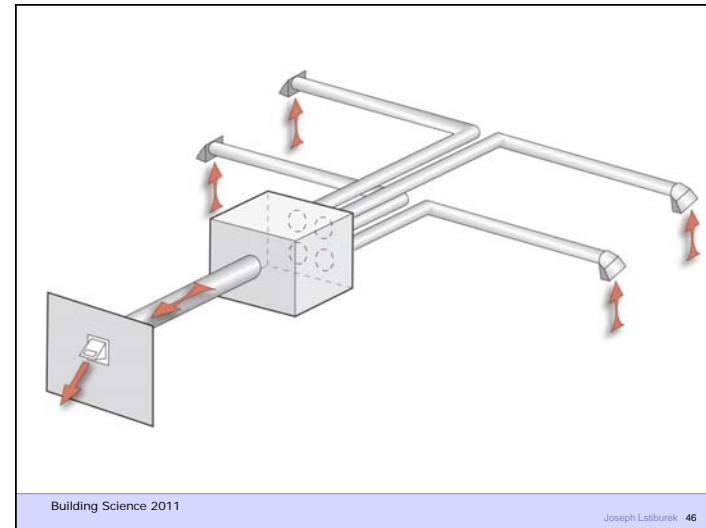
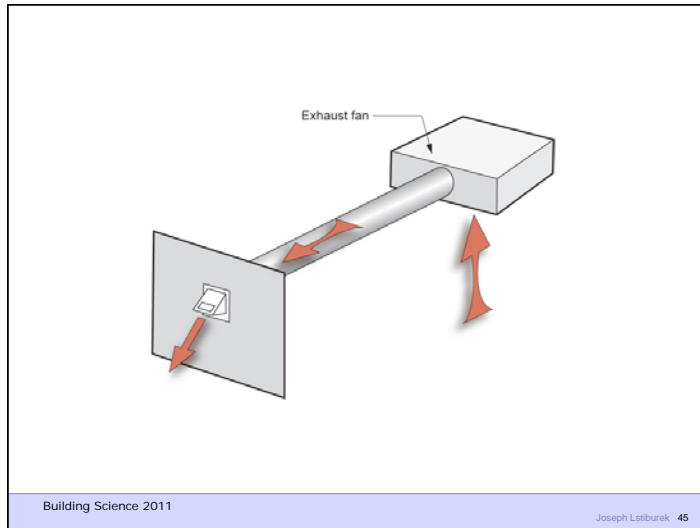


Three Types of Controlled Ventilation Systems

- Exhaust Ventilation
- Supply Ventilation
- Balanced Ventilation

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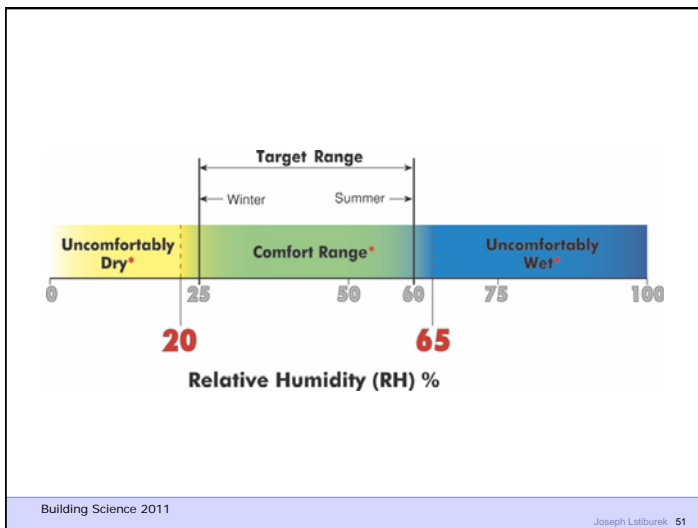
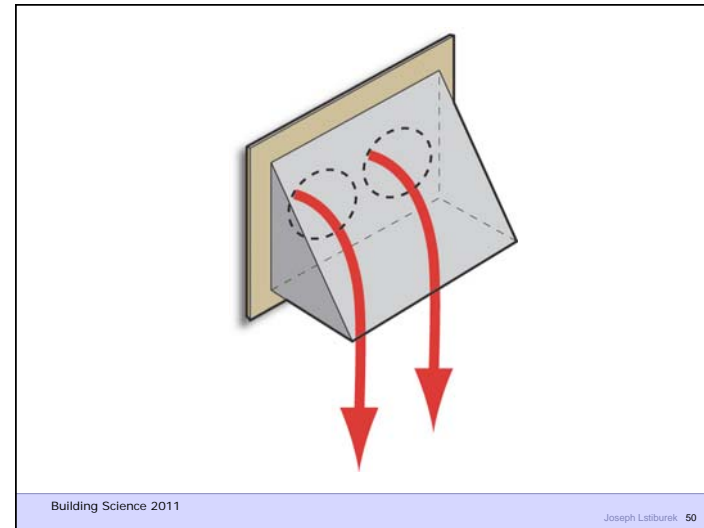


ASHRAE Standard 62.2 calls for 7.5 cfm per person plus 0.01 cfm per square foot of conditioned area

Occupancy is deemed to be the number of bedrooms plus one

Occupant Rate + Building Rate

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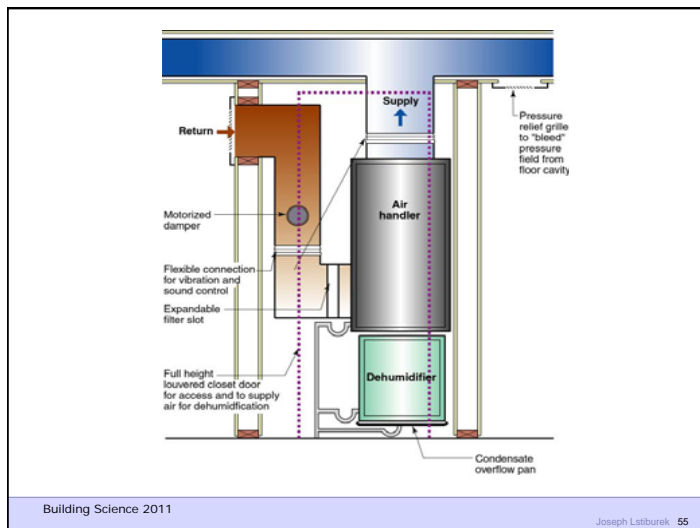
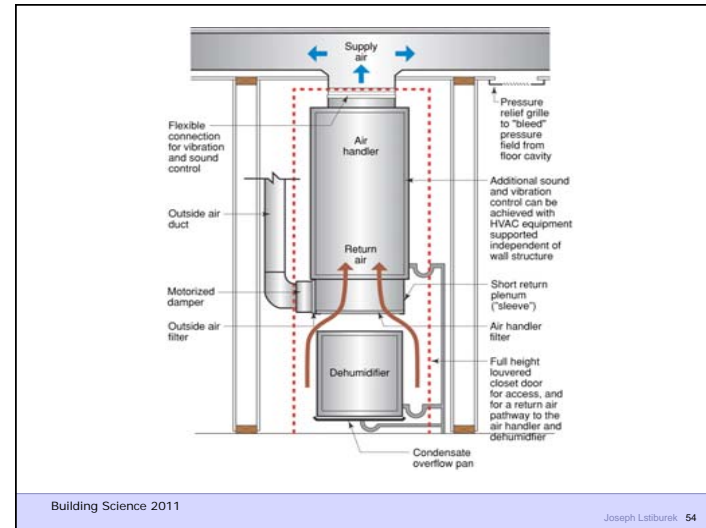
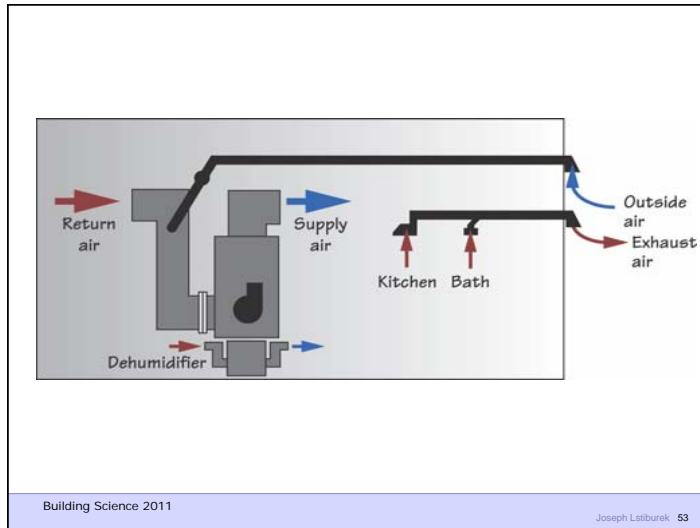


Recommended Range of Relative Humidity

25 percent during winter

60 percent during summer

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Figure 3.12
Ductwork and Air Handlers in Basements

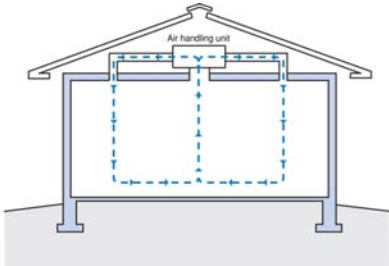
- No air pressure differences result in a house with an air handler and ductwork located in a basement if there are no leaks in the supply ducts, the return ducts or the air handler and if the amount of air delivered to each room equals the amount removed

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Figure 3.13
Ductwork and Air Handlers in Vented Attics

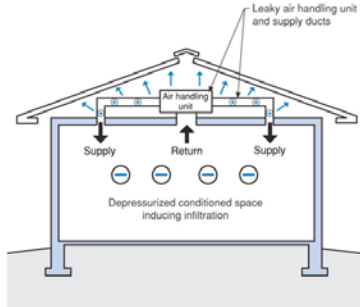
- No air pressure differences result in a house with an air handler and ductwork located in a vented attic if there are no leaks in the supply ducts, the return ducts or the air handler and if the amount of air delivered to each room equals the amount removed



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Figure 3.15
Leaky Ductwork and Air Handlers in Vented Attics

- Supply ductwork and air handler leakage is typically 20% or more of the flow through the system



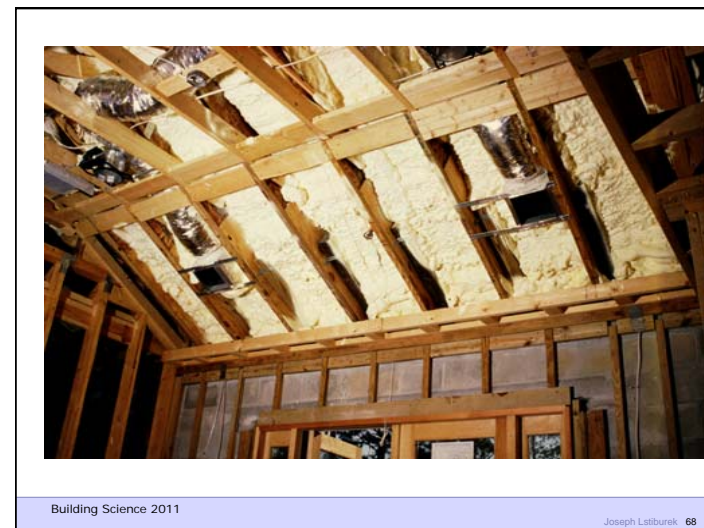
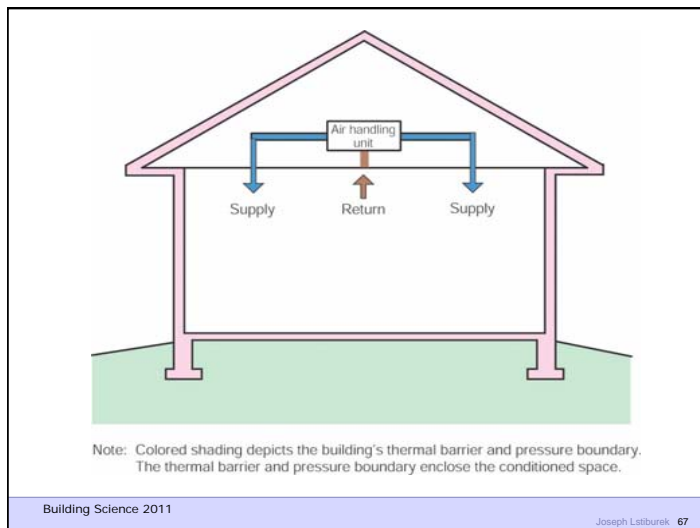
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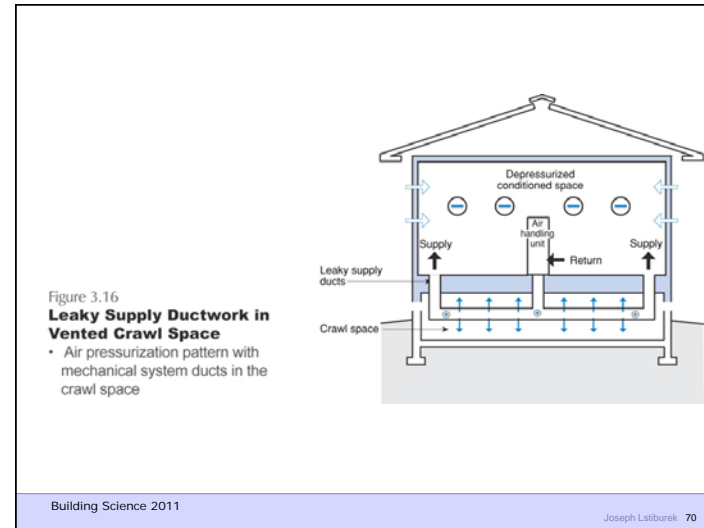
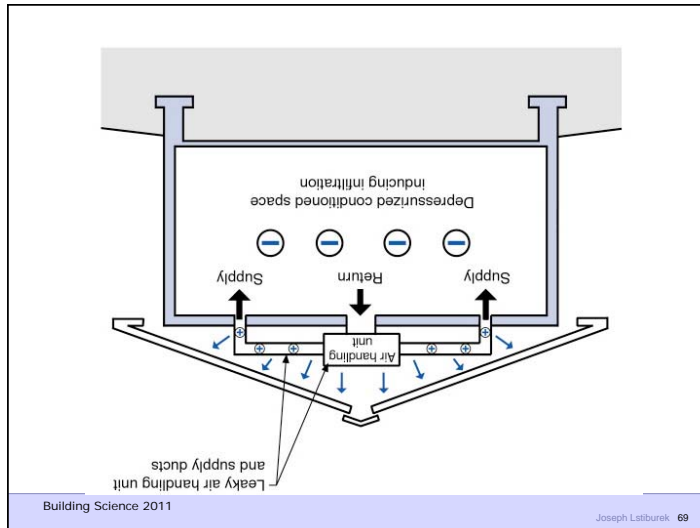


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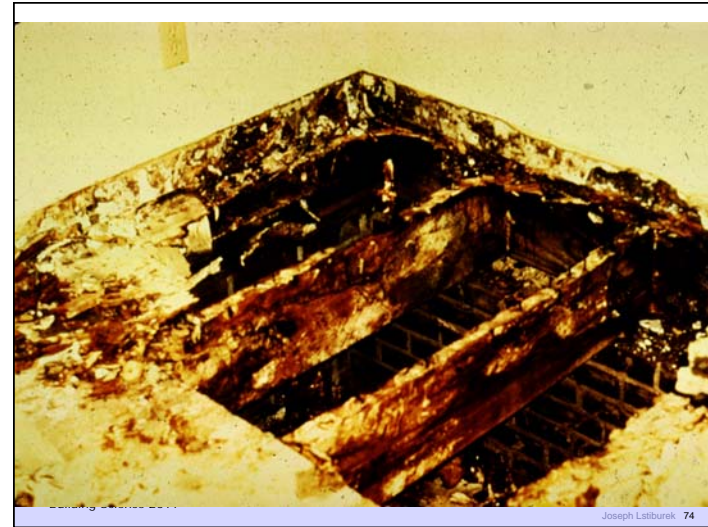


Figure 3.14
Leaky Ductwork and Air Handlers in Basements

- Air pressurization patterns in a house with leaky ductwork in the basement

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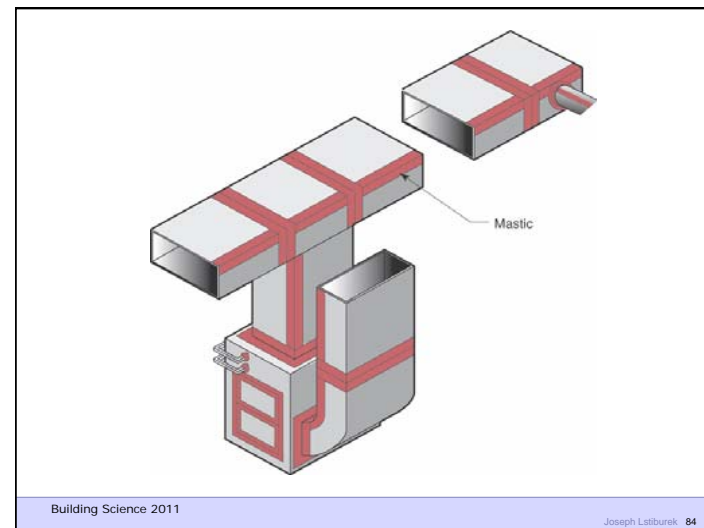
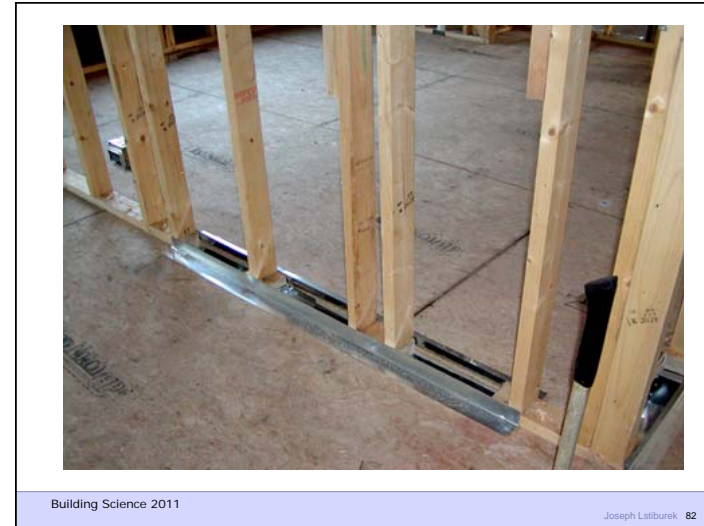


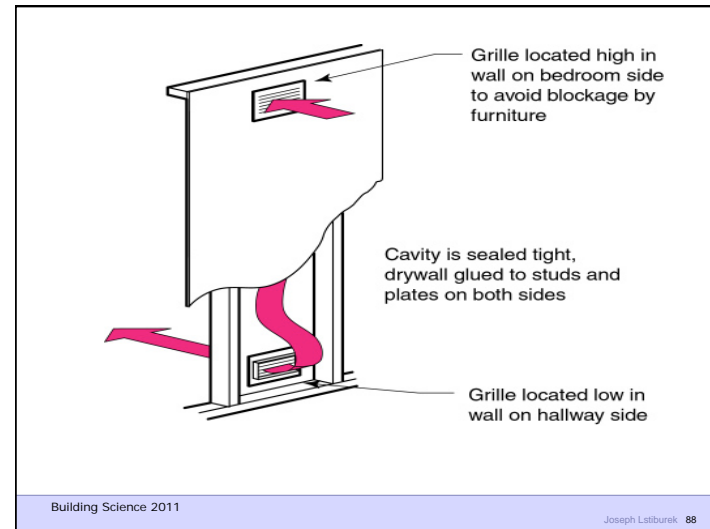


Figure 3.18
Insufficient Return Air Paths

- Pressurization of bedrooms often occurs if insufficient return pathways are provided; undercutting bedroom doors is usually insufficient; transfer grilles, jump ducts or fully ducted returns may be necessary to prevent pressurization of bedrooms
- Master bedroom suites are often the most pressurized as they typically receive the most supply air
- When bedrooms pressurized, common areas depressurize; this can have serious consequences when fireplaces are located in common areas and subsequently backdraft

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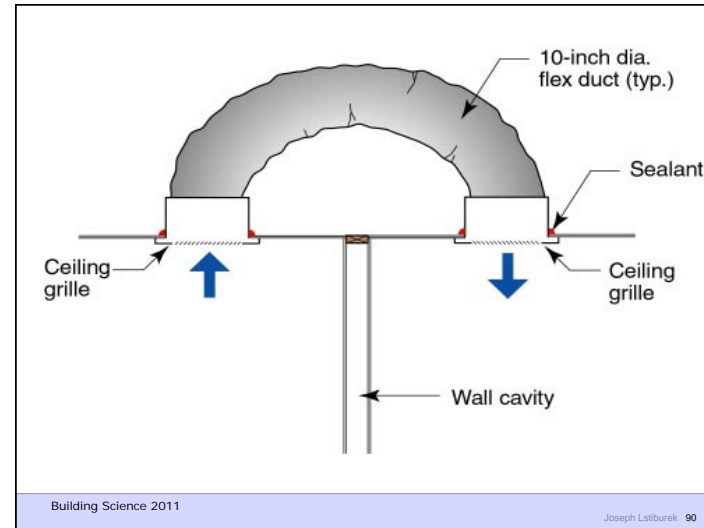
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